

## National Weather Service HAZMAT Support

Jamie Enderlen – Chicago, IL Chris Miller – Lincoln, IL

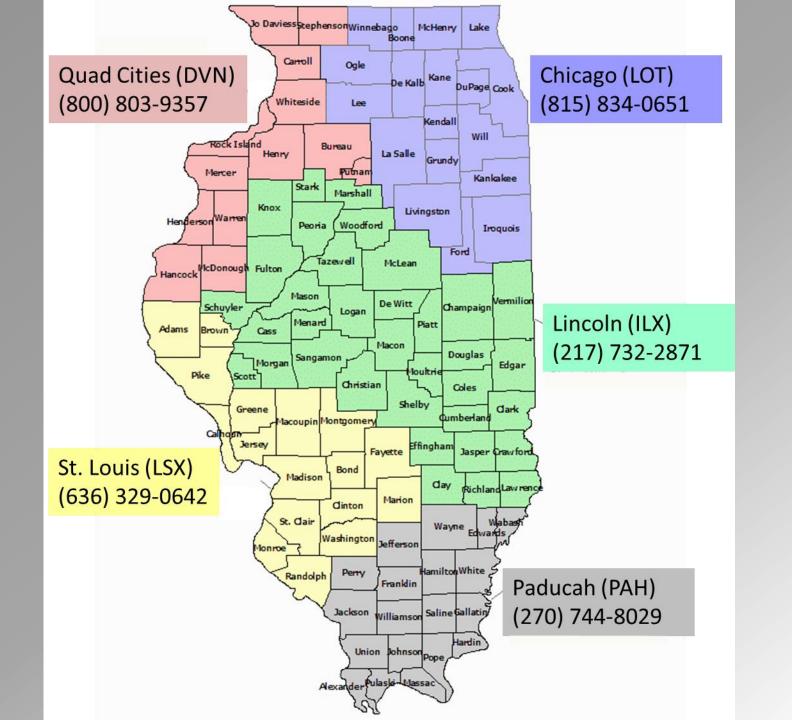


"Prepare for the unknown by studying how others in the past have coped with the unforeseeable and the unpredictable."

- Gen. George S. Patton



WHO IS THE NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE?





Provide weather, water, and climate data, forecasts and warnings for the protection of life and property and enhancement of the national economy.

## Standard Operations

Current conditions at Springfield - Abraham Lincoln Capital Airport (KSPI) Lat: 39.85°N Lon: 89.68°W Elev: 587ft.



16°C

Humidity 81% Wind Speed Calm Barometer 30.07 in (1018.0 mb) Dewpoint 55°F (13°C) Visibility 10.00 mi Last update 21 Aug 3:52 am CDT

#### Extended Forecast for Springfield IL

Today

Sunny

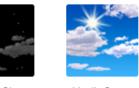
High: 83 °F



Tonight

Mostly Clear

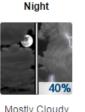
Low: 58 °F



Mostly Sunny

High: 83 °F

Saturday



Saturday

Mostly Cloudy then Chance T-storms

Low: 66 °F



Sunday

T-storms



High: 80 °F

TAF

KORD 101143Z 1012/1118 30012KT P6SM SCT040

FM101330 29012KT P6SM BKN040

FM101600 28009KT P6SM FEW040 SCT150

FM110400 22007KT P6SM BKN120

FM111100 27010KT P6SM SCT060 BKN090

FM111500 30012G18KT 6SM -RA BR BKN030 OVC080=

Mostly Clear Low: 57 °F WindSpd(kts) & WindDir For Sun Nov 10 2013 10AM EST NOAA/National Weather Service

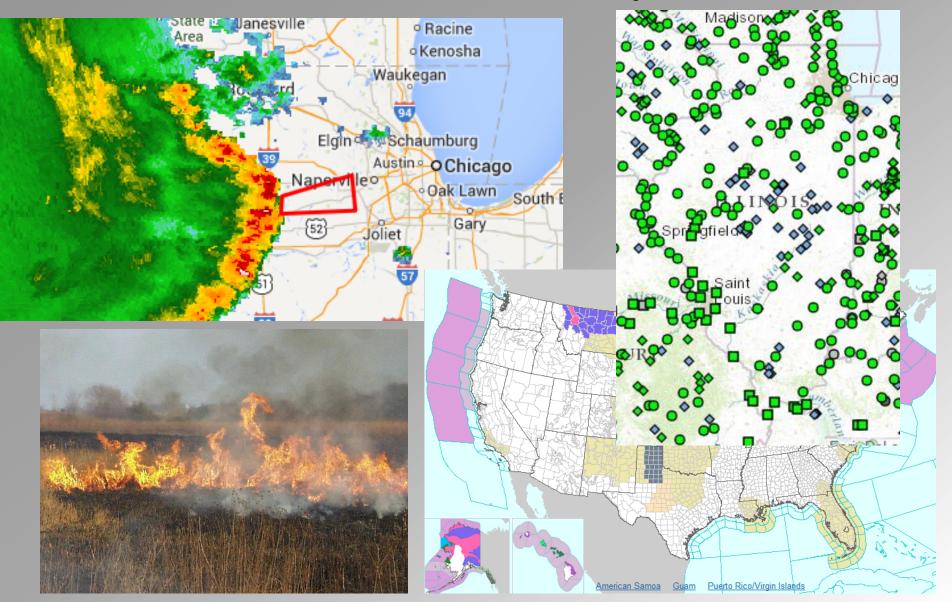
More Information:

More Local Wx

3 Day History

Local Forecast Office

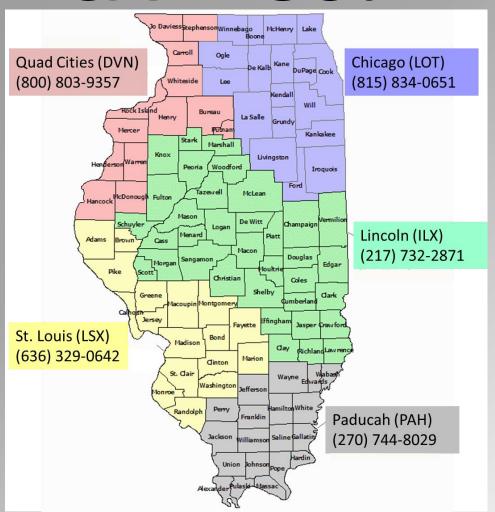
## Hazardous Weather Operations

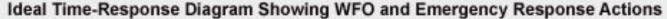


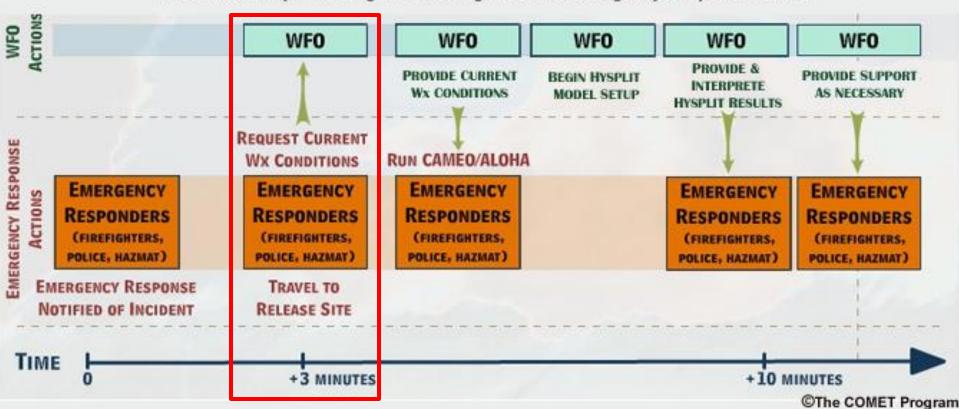
## **RESPONSE PHASE**

## In the Event of a HazMat Situation...

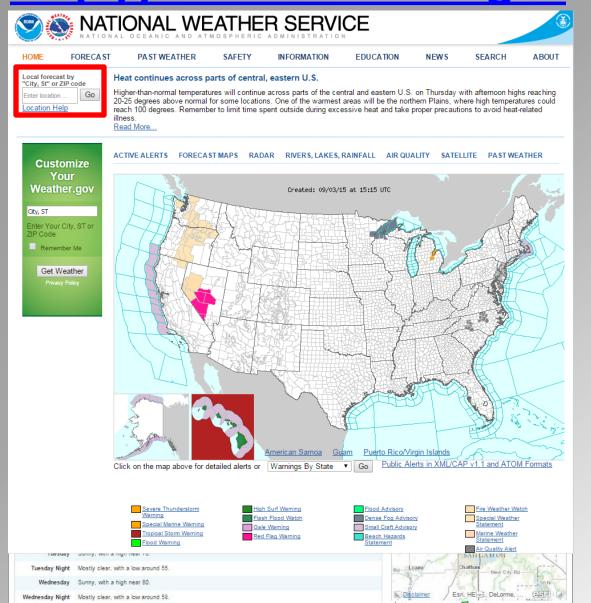
## CALL US!



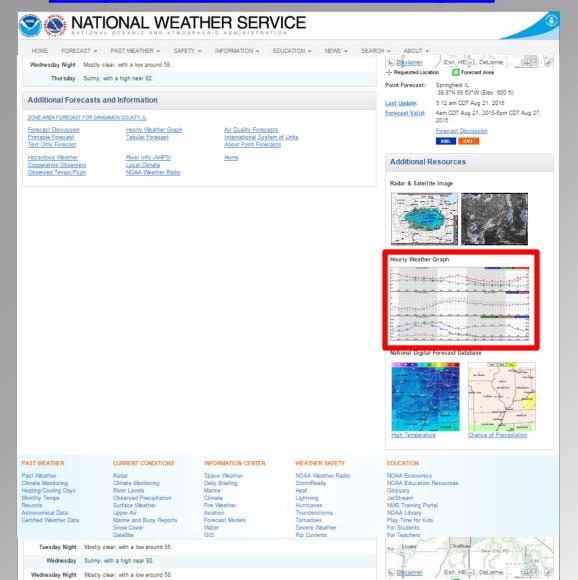


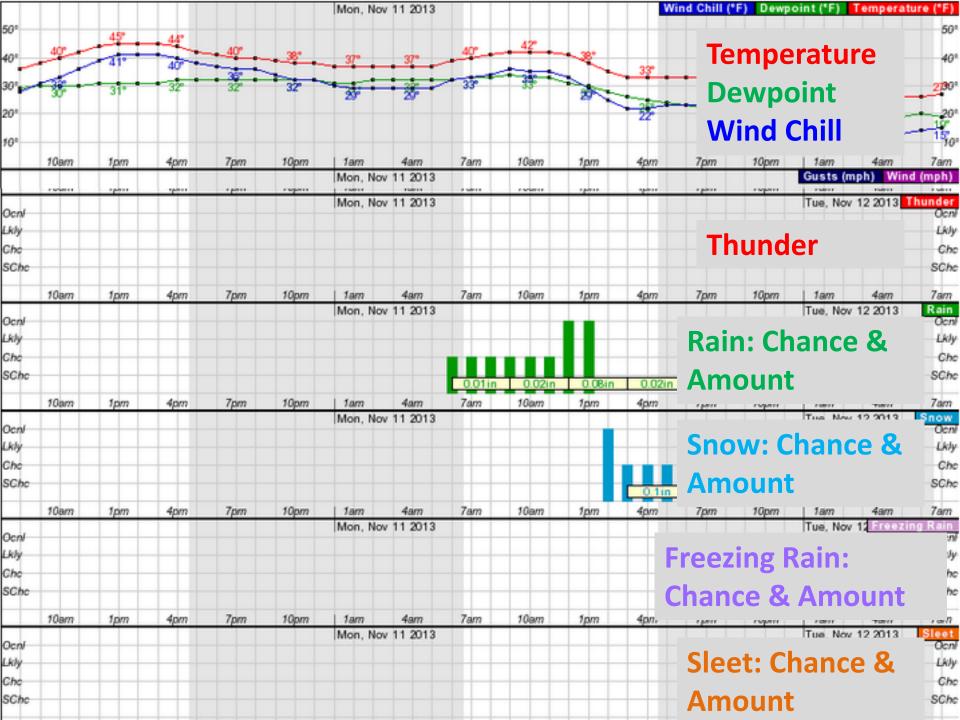


# 7 Day Narrative <a href="http://www.weather.gov">http://www.weather.gov</a>



## Hourly Weather Forecasts <a href="http://www.weather.gov">http://www.weather.gov</a>





## Hourly Weather Graph

Weather Elements		Probabilistic Forecasts (Experimental) Description   Survey
<ul> <li>✓ Temperature (°F)</li> <li>✓ Dewpoint (°F)</li> <li>✓ Wind Chill (°F)</li> <li>✓ Surface Wind mph ✓</li> <li>✓ Sky Coverage</li> <li>✓ Precipitation Potential</li> <li>✓ Relative Humidity</li> </ul>	☐ Mixing Height (x100ft) ☐ Haines Index ☐ Trans. Wind mph ▼ ☐ 20ft Wind mph ▼ ☐ Vent Rate (x1000 mph-ft)	Quantitative Precipitation 6-hr ▼ info □ 0.10 □ 0.25 □ 0.50 □ 1.00 Snowfall 6-hr ▼ info □ 0.1in □ 1in □ 3in □ 6in □ 12in
☑ Thunder ☑ Rain ☑ Snow ☑ Freezing Rain ☑ Sleet		

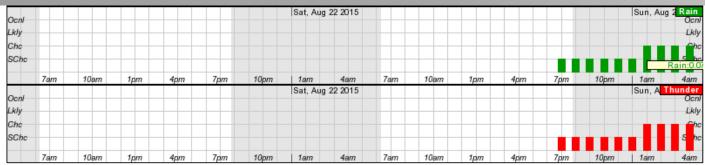
Back 2 Days

Forward 2 Days

Submit

48-Hour Period Starting: 7pm Fri, Nov 8 2013

## **Hourly Table**



#### Friday, August 21 at 5am

Temperature: 58 °F Dewpoint: 55 °F Heat Index: N/A Surface Wind: SE 3mph Sky Cover (%): 8% Precipitation Potential (%): 0% Relative Humidity (%): 90%

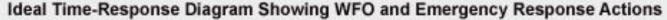
Rain: <10% Thunder: <10%

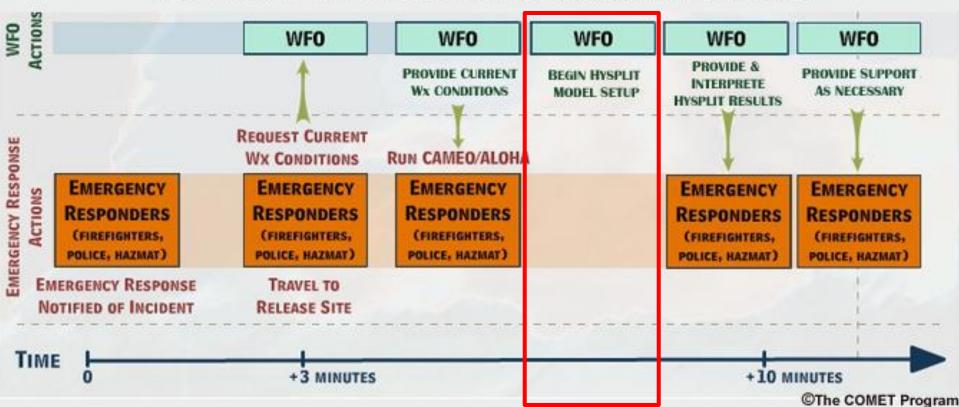


Webmaster NOAA's National Weather Service Lincoln, IL Disclaimer Credits Glossary Privacy Policy About Us Career Opportunities

## Hourly Table

Date	11/10														11/11									
Hour (CST)	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09
Temperature (°F)	40	42	44	45	45	45	44	42	41	40	40	39	38	38	37	37	37	37	37	37	39	40	41	42
Dewpoint (°F)	30	30	31	31	31	31	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	31	31	32	32	32	32	32	33	33	34
Wind Chill (°F)	33	36	39	41	41	41	40	38	37	36	36	34	32	32	30	29	29	29	29	29	32	33	34	36
Wind (mph)	16	14	13	11	9	8	7	7	6	6	7	7	8	9	10	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Wind Dir	WNW	WNW	WNW	WNW	W	W	W	wsw	wsw	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	SW	wsw	wsw	W	WNW	WNW
Gust																16	17	18	18	18	17	17	18	18
Sky Cover (%)	13	15	18	20	23	25	27	30	32	40	48	57	65	73	81	84	87	91	94	97	100	100	100	100
Popn. Potential (%)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	29	29	29	34
Rel.																								
Humidity (%)	67	62	60	58	58	58	62	67	70	73	73	76	79	79	79	79	82	82	82	82	76	76	73	73
Thunder		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rain		-			-								-	-		-		-	-		Chc	Chc	Chc	Chc
Snow																								
Freezing Rain	-			-	-							-	-	-					-					_
Sloot	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	





## HYSPLIT

- Dispersion modeling for chemical, biological, or radioactive releases
- Estimates air concentration or exposure at locations downwind
- Appropriate for releases:
  - Longer than 1 hour
  - 1 KM above the ground and higher
  - Horizontal extent >10 KM (about 6 Mi)
- Use as a decision aide

## **HYSPLIT** Positives

- Uses numerical weather prediction models
  - Terrain resolved by model
  - Weather conditions vary
- User can edit guidance
- New guidance available every 1-6 hours
- Complete run available in minutes
- Results in GIF, PDF, KMZ (Google Earth), GIS shapefiles
- Can incorporate aspects of ALOHA (source strength) into the run IF we know the specific chemical & many other details about the incident

## **HYSPLIT Negatives**

- Not intended for dense gases
- No source characteristics other than release height and amount
- Assumes a steady emission rate
- Does not account for byproducts from fires, explosions, or chemical reactions

## **HYSPLIT Negatives**

- However if we know the chemical and specific source details...
- Not intended for dense gases
- No source characteristics other than release height and amount
- Assumes a steady emission rate
- Does not account for byproducts from fires, explosions, or chemical reactions

## Data We Need from You

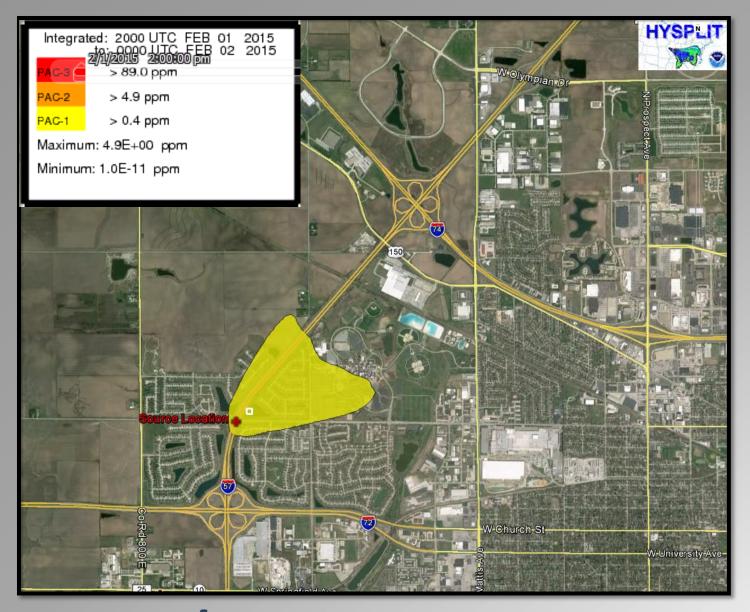
- Primary contact (name, phone number, email, preferred method of contact)
- Start time of the release
- Lat/lon of incident
- Desired duration of model and output intervals
- Size, source, release rate & duration of release (if known)
  - Expected to continue?
  - Puddle, tanker, or pipeline
- Type of chemical (if known)

## In Turn, We Will Provide You With...

- Dispersion model image output
- Our interpretation of the output
- Possible pitfalls
- Heads up if conditions will change
  - Another HYSLPIT run if necessary
- Our confidence level

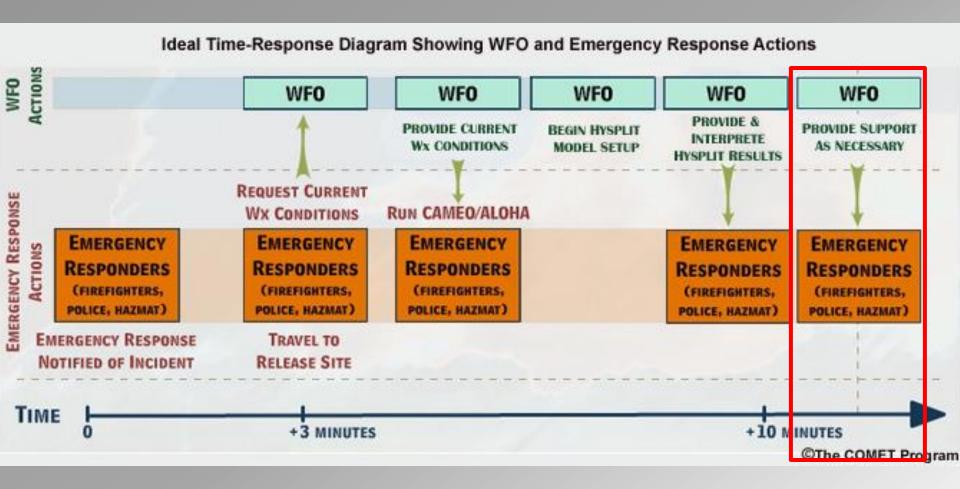


Plume concentrations are factitious unless we can use the specific chemical and emission rate! However, a responder can always use the plume direction and size as a guide.



## **HYSPLIT/ALOHA Combo Output**

with Protective Action Criteria (PAC)

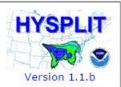


# Forecast updates Additional HYSPLIT runs



#### TRAJECTORY MODEL

Run the model with current data Run the model with archived data Get previous model run results



#### DISPERSION MODEL

Run the model with current data Run the model with archived data Get previous model run results

#### User-entered Observations (More Information)

Create a NEW surface meteorological data file Create a NEW upper-air meteorological data file ( <u>manual entry</u> or <u>cut/paste GEMPAK output</u>)

Edit a PREVIOUS surface meteorological data file Edit a PREVIOUS upper-air meteorological data file

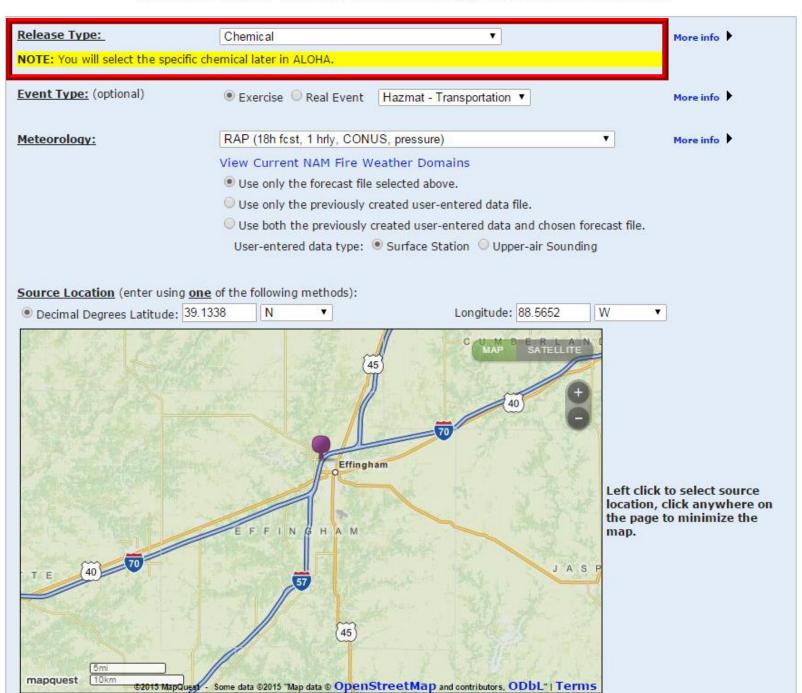


Use of HYSPLIT by NWS WFOs for Emergency Decision Support (Tutorial)
Model limitations, Documents & Training Materials
Chemical Resource Links
Other Resource Links
Ouestions/Comments?

### **HYSPLIT DEMONSTRATION**

# HYSPLIT RUN FOR A RELEASE WHEN THE CHEMICAL IS KNOWN

#### Release Type, Event, Meteorology & Source Location





Event Type: Exercise - Hazmat\_Transportation

Release: Chemical

Pollutant: To be selected in ALOHA

Meteorology: RAP 20 km

Source Location: Lat: 39.133800 Lon: -88.565200

#### Meteorological Data & Output Options

Meteorological Forecast Cycle: 18 UTC / 20150908 ▼ More info ▶

Advanced Options: No ▼ More info ▶

Next>>



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Web site owner: Air Resources Laboratory, NOAA's Office of Atmospheric Research, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.



Event Type: Exercise - Hazmat\_Transportation

Release Type: Chemical

Source Location: Lat: 39.133800 Lon: -88.565200

Meteorology: RAP 20 km

#### Source Information

The current RAP 20 km model has archive data beginning at  $\underline{09/03/15}$  1800 UTC and  $\underline{18}$  hours of forecast data beginning at  $\underline{09/8/15}$  1800 UTC.

Release starting time (UTC): Current time: 19:41 Source latitude:		month 09 ▼	day 08 ▼  More info ▶	hour 19 ▼	minute 0 ▼	More info				
Source longitude:	-88.565200	degrees (We	est is negative)	More info						
Continue to ALOHA>>										



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Web site owner: Air Resources Laboratory, NOAA's Office of Atmospheric Research, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.



Chemical

#### **Source Strength Estimator for Dispersion Models**

#### **Chemical Selection**

Select by: chemical name ▼

Chemical: CHLORINE (7782-50-5)

Go to the CAMEO Chemicals Datasheet for CHLORINE to see:

- Physical properties
- · Reactivity alerts
- Response recommendations (such as firefighting and protective clothing)
- ERG response guides and initial isolation and protective action distances (if applicable) by clicking on the linked UN/NA number on the datasheet



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Version: Site last modified August 28, 2013. Site based on ALOHA 5.4.4.

ALOHA developed by: Office of Response and Restoration, NOAA's Ocean Service, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and the Environmental Protection Agency's Office of Emergency Management.

Web site owner: Air Resources Laboratory, NOAA's Office of Atmospheric Research, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

Chemical > Release Type

#### **Release Type**

#### Chemical Information for CHLORINE

Molecular Weight: 70.9 g/mol

Ambient Boiling Point: -30.1 °F (-34.5 °C) Freezing Point: -149.9 °F (-101.0 °C) Ambient Air Temperature: 93.5 °F (34.2 °C)

CHLORINE is a gas at the ambient air temperature.

If you don't know any specifics of the release, assume all of the chemical is released directly into the atmosphere (choose the **Direct source**).

If you know more details, you may be able to use the Tank source or Gas Pipeline source. If the chemical is stored below its ambient boiling point, you may be able to use the Puddle source.

#### Choose Your Release Type:

Tank

Choose the **Tank source** to model releases of unpressurized liquids, liquefied gases, or pressurized gases from tanks or drums. ALOHA can model leaks that release the chemical directly into the atmosphere, as well as leaks that form an evaporating puddle. More info... •

Puddle

Choose the **Puddle source** to model releases where a puddle has already formed on the ground and is not changing in an area. If liquid is continuing to leak from a tank and spilling into a puddle (so that the puddle's area and volume are increasing) use the Tank source instead. More info...

Gas Pipeline

Choose the **Gas Pipeline source** to model releases from a leaking gas pipeline; ALOHA can't model the release of liquid from a pipeline. More info... ▶

Direct

Choose the **Direct source** to model releases directly into the atmosphere. Use this option if you have too little information about a release to use another source option, but you feel that you can make an estimate of the total amount of chemical released into the atmosphere as a gas. More info... •

< Previous Next >



Chemical > Release Type > Tank Description

#### **Tank Description** Enter basic settings about the tank that is leaking. More info about the tank source... > Tank Type and Size Tank Type: horizontal cylinder ▼ Tank Size: enter any two values More info... length —— Diameter: Length: feet diameter Volume: 9000 gallons Chemical Storage Temperature Inside of Tank Use ambient air temperature (select this if unknown) ▼ Ambient Air Temperature: 93.5 °F (34.2 °C) ° Fahrenheit Storage Temperature: 93.47 More info... < Previous Next >



Chemical > Release Type > Tank Description > Chemical Mass

#### Mass of Chemical in Tank

Enter information about the amount of chemical in the leaking tank.

#### Mass of Chemical in Tank

Specify by: liquid level in tank (percentage full by volume) ▼ More info... ▶

Liquid Level in Tank: 90 percent full (by volume)

< Previous Next >

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Version: Site last modified August 28, 2013. Site based on ALOHA 5.4.4.

ALOHA developed by: Office of Response and Restoration, NOAA's Ocean Service, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and the Environmental Protection Agency's Office of Emergency Management.

Web site owner: Air Resources Laboratory, NOAA's Office of Atmospheric Research, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

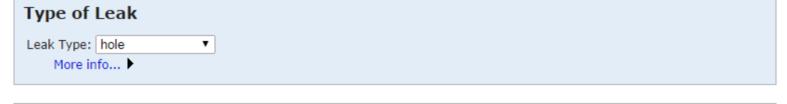


Chemical > Release Type > Tank Description > Chemical Mass > Tank Opening

#### **Tank Opening**

Enter details about the tank opening out of which the chemical is leaking.

# Dimensions of Opening in Tank Shape of Opening: circular opening ▼ Opening Size: More info... ▶ Diameter: 9 inches ▼



#### 



Chemical > Release Type > Tank Description > Chemical Mass > Tank Opening > Summary

#### **ALOHA Source Strength Summary**

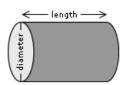
Source Strength Summary

#### **Tank Description**

Tank Type: horizontal cylinder
Tank Diameter: 6.0 feet (calculated)

Tank Length: 42 feet Tank Volume: 9000 gallons

Chemical Storage Temperature Inside of Tank: ambient air temperature (93.5 °F)



#### Mass of Volume in Tank

Mass Value Specified by: liquid level in tank (percentage full by volume)

Liquid Level: tank is 90% full by volume State of Chemical in Tank: tank contains liquid Mass of Chemical in Tank: 92,532 lbs (calculated)

#### **Tank Opening**

Shape of Opening in Tank: circular opening

Opening Diameter: 9 inches

Leak Type: hole

Height of Leak: bottom of opening is 2 feet above the bottom of the tank



#### Continue to HYSPLIT Output >

Pieceorology Porecast File. TAP 20 Kill

Meteorology Forecast Cycle: 18 UTC / Sep 8, 2015

Release Start Time: 07:00 PM (UTC) / September 08, 2015 (1900 UTC / September 08, 2015)

Release Location: (Lat: 39.133800; Lon: -88.565200)

The following information was extracted from the forecast file at the release start time in order to run ALOHA:

Wind: 17.1 miles per hour (7.6 meters per second) from SW

Ambient Air Temperature: 93.5 °F (34.2 °C)

Cloud Cover: data unavailable

Stability Class: B

Event Type: Exercise - Hazmat\_Transportation

Release: Chemical CHLORINE

Source Location: Lat: 39.133800 Lon: -88.565200

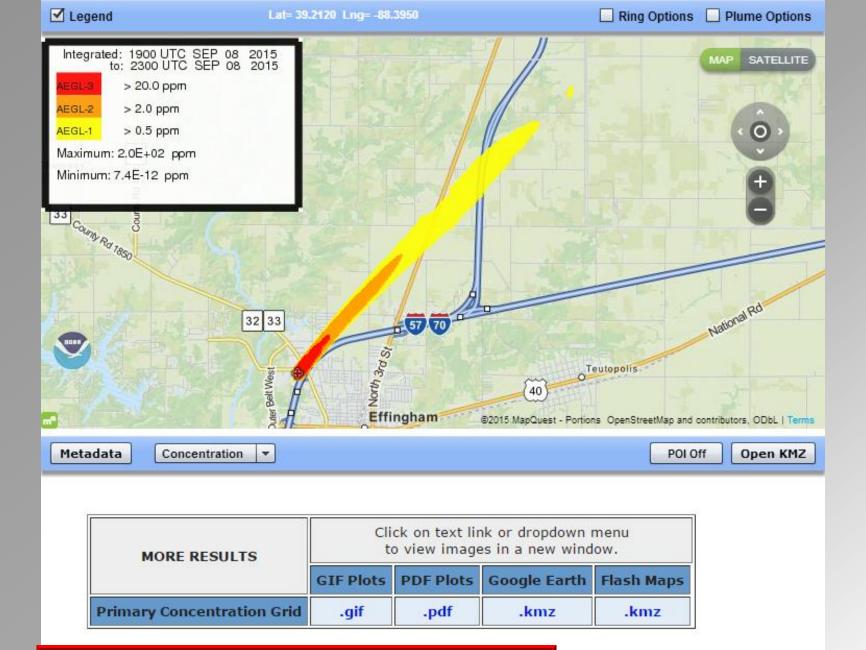
Meteorology: RAP 20 km

#### **Model Run Details**

Runtime Parameters							
Total duration:	4 ▼	hour(s)		More info	•		
)							
Output Parameters							
	• AEGL	s (recomme	nded) - Ac	ute Expos	ure Guideline Le	vels	
Levels of Concern (LOCs):		-3: 20 ppm	AEGL-2:		AEGL-1: 0.5 ppn	n	
					g Guidelines		
		-3: 20 ppm - Protective			ERPG-1: 1 ppm		More info
		3: 20 ppm	_		PAC-1: 0.5 ppm		
	<ul><li>User</li></ul>	Entered Thre	sholds (p	pm)			
	LOC-3	0.0	LOC-2:0	.0	LOC-1:0.0		
Display all values above zero	? ○ Yes ●	No					More info 🕨
GIS output of contours?	Google Ea	arth (kmz)	GIS Sha	pefiles			More info
The following options apply o	only to the GI	F, PDF, and P	S results	(not Googl	e Earth)		
Plot resolution (dpi):	120 ▼					Mo	re info 🕨
Zoom factor:	100					Moi	re info 🕨
Distance circle overlay:	None	O Auto	4 circl	es 0	▼ km apart	Mo	re info 🕨
U.S. county borders?	<ul><li>Yes</li></ul>	O No				Mo	re info 🕨
Postscript file?	O Yes	No				Mo	re info 🕨
Create PDF file of graphics?	Yes	○ No					

Request Dispersion Run>>

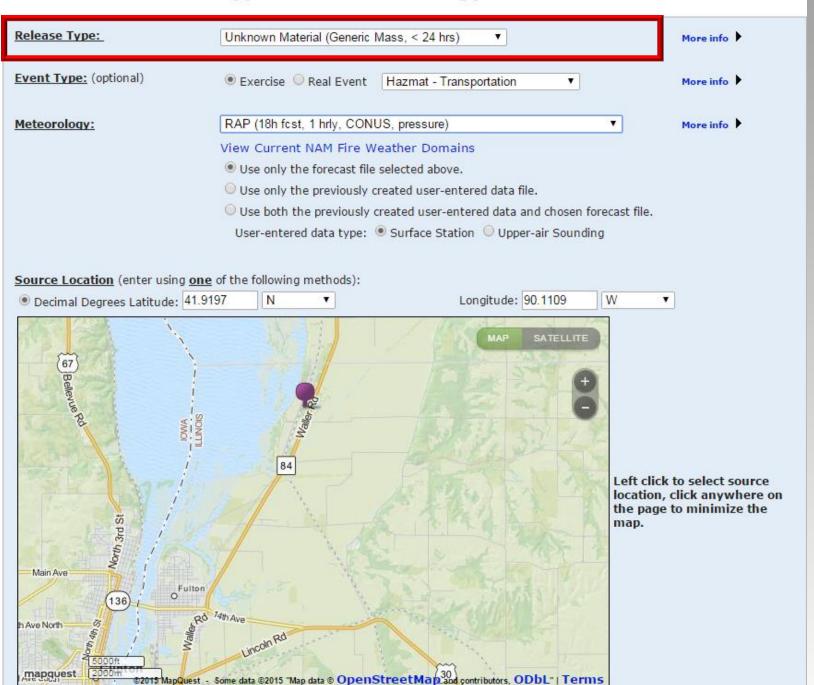
Reset page to default values



- · Create customer link to these products.
- Zipped file of all graphics and diagnostics (for redistribution)

## HYSPLIT RUN FOR A RELEASE WHEN THE CHEMICAL IS <u>UNKNOWN</u>

#### Release Type, Event, Meteorology & Source Location





Event Type: Exercise - Hazmat\_Transportation

Release: Unknown
Pollutant: Unknown
Meteorology: RAP 20 km

Source Location: Lat: 41.919700 Lon: -90.110900

#### Meteorological Data & Output Options

Meteorological Forecast Cycle:	18 UTC / 20150908 ▼	More info
Deposition:	No ▼	More info
Advanced Options:	No ▼	More info 🕨
	Next>>	



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Web site owner: Air Resources Laboratory, NOAA's Office of Atmospheric Research, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

US Government main portal: USA.gov

Event Type: Exercise - Hazmat\_Transportation

Release: Unknown

Source Location: Lat: 41.919700 Lon: -90.110900

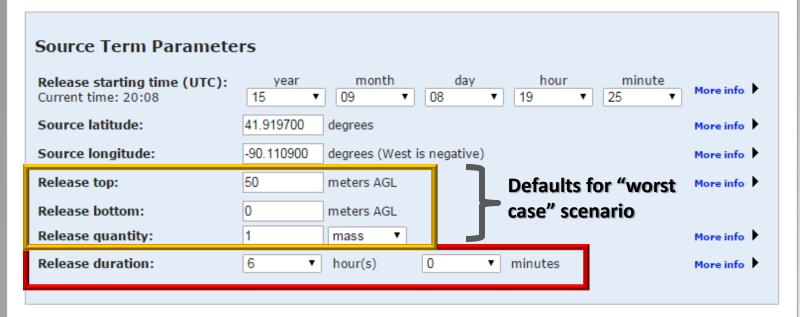
Source Term: User Entered - 1 mass

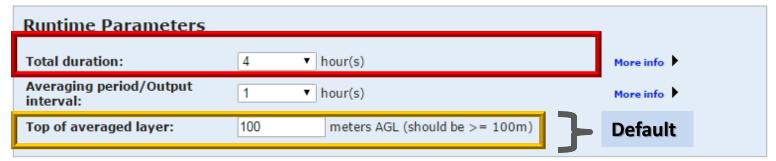
Meteorology: RAP 20 km

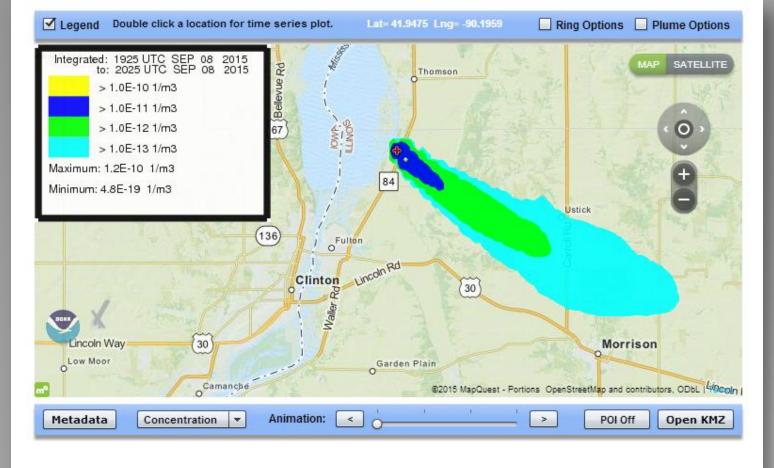
Output: Concentration/deposition

#### **Model Run Details**

The current RAP 20 km model has archive data beginning at  $\underline{09/03/15\ 1800\ UTC}$  and  $\underline{18}$  hours of forecast data beginning at  $\underline{09/8/15\ 1800\ UTC}$ .







MORE RESULTS	Click on text link or dropdown menu to view images in a new window.							
	GIF Plots	Animated GIF Plots		PDF Plots	Google Earth	Flash Maps		
Concentration Grid 1		.gif	Java	.pdf	.kmz	.kmz		
Particle Positions	- •	.gif	Java	.pdf	.kmz	.7.0		
Time of Arrival	.gif	-		.pdf	.kmz	.kmz		

- · Create customer link to these products.
- · Zipped file of all graphics and diagnostics (for redistribution)





### **DISSEMINATION PHASE**

## Non-Weather Emergency Messages

- Messages used to alert the general public about various emergencies and hazards
- Applicable for the full spectrum of emergencies
- Works at local, state, regional, and national levels



## Non-Weather Emergency Messages

- Message distributed via Emergency Alert System:
  - NOAA Weather Radio All Hazards NWS entry point
  - Media distribution



# NOAA Weather Radio/EAS Activation

- Public safety is involved
- Official Information
- Time Critical
- No other means of disseminating the information rapidly
- Information length and format is consistent with other NWR broadcast material
- Information should be non-routine and infrequent



### Weather Radio - All Hazards



## **NWR Message Options**

- Evacuation Notice
- Hazardous Material Warning
- Local Area Emergency
- Law Enforcement Warning
- 9-1-1 Telephone Outage Emergency
- Nuclear Power Plant Warning
- Radiological Hazard Warning
- Shelter in Place Warning

## We need the message from an official source



## Integrated Public Alert & Warning System

http://www.fema.gov/integrated-public-alert-warning-system

- County EMs and state agencies can send NWEMs
- EM must take training and purchase software
- Messages go through Wireless Emergency Alerts
- Activates EAS to get the alerts out through TV and radio
- Does not go to NWR automatically!

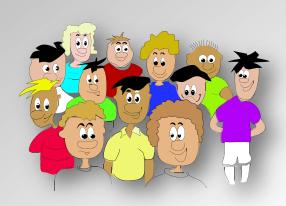
## **HAZCollect**

### www.weather.gov/os/hazcollect

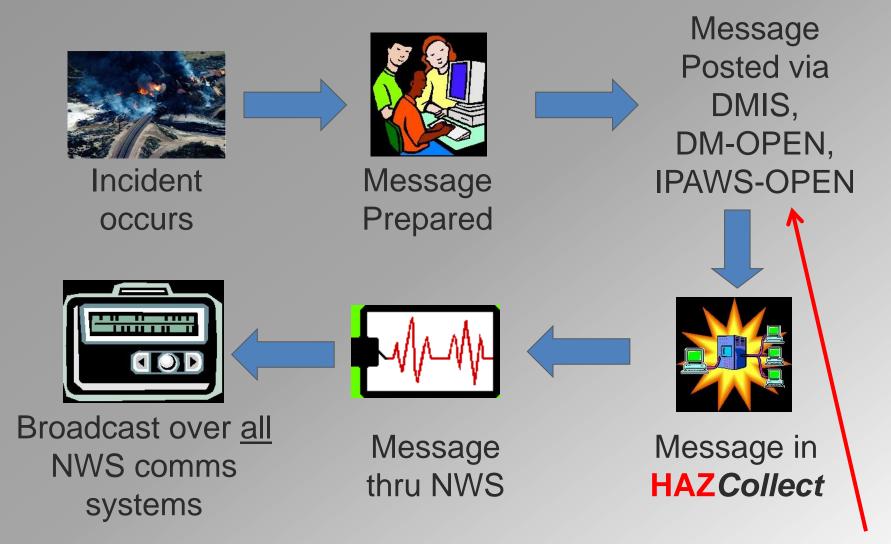
- An all-hazards, automated, emergency message collection system
- A NWS program developed and implemented in collaboration with FEMA / DHS
- An optional method to disseminate Non-Weather Emergency Messages (NWEMs)
- Integrates with EAS
- Uses Common Alerting Protocol (CAP)







## **HAZ**Collect Process



Can't stop message after posting!

#### HAZCollect References

#### weather.gov/os/hazcollect

- Registration overview
- Training links
- Resources (documents, links, presentation)

http://www.fema.gov/integrated-public-alert-warning-system

Resources (documents, links, presentation)

#### **NWEM Distribution**

- Three methods
  - Manual contact with NWS
  - Local/state EAS arrangements
  - -HAZCollect (computer based)







## Recap

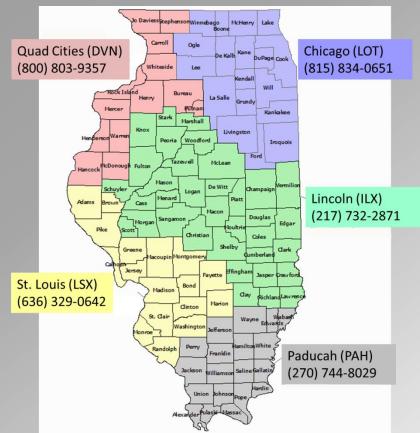
- We can provide weather & dissemination support
  - Current & future conditions
  - Dispersion model results
  - Weather Radio
- BUT we don't know what we don't know
  - What is happening
  - Who to contact
  - Your needs
  - How to get information to you

#### **NWS**

http://www.weather.gov/

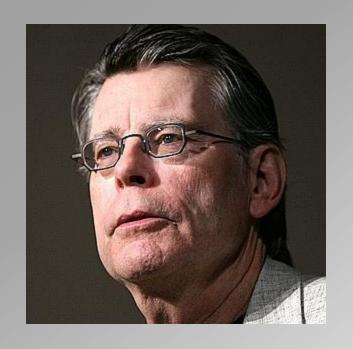


http://www.weather.gov/os/hazcollect/



"There's no harm in hoping for the best as long as you're prepared for the worst."

Stephen King



## Questions?

Jamie.Enderlen@noaa.gov Chris.Miller@noaa.gov